2I OTHER MAKOKO BUILDING PROJECTS









MAKOKO FLOATING SCHOOL - AFRICAN WATER CITIES PROJECT









MAKOKO FLOATING SCHOOL - AFRICAN WATER CITIES PROJECT

2J CONCLUSIO

FLOATING BUILDING



PROGRAM DISTRIBUTION

- **1** FLOTATION PLATFORM
- **2** SERVICES AREA
- **3** ACCESSIBILITY
- **(4) OPEN GREEN SPACE**
- **5** PLANTING AREAS
- 6 TOILET
- **7** CLASSROOMS
- (8) OPEN AIR CLASSROOMS





SITE



FLOTATION PLATFORM





SHELL



FRAME



CONSTRUCTION PROCESS



MAKOKO FLOATING SCHOOL - AFRICAN WATER CITIES PROJECT

RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS DIAGRAM



WATER

Rain and borehole water is stored in a 1000 liters tank(1).The collected water then passes to a vortex filter and pressure pump. Afterwards, this water could be used for irrigation and domestic use (2). For drinking water further filtration is necessary (3). All the grey waste water' that is produced could be temporarily stored in a grease trap tank and then purified in a helophytes filter (5). The effluent from (9) the constructed wetland is then used to rinse the toilet and as irrigation water for the plants (6). The water for sinsing the toilet is called black water. Black water settles into a septic tank (7) before final purification is carried out by a BIOROCK filter (8). The purified water then could be released in the lagoon surface or be re-used as grey water.



ELECTRICITY

Generating electricity is one of the most crucial aspects in a stand alone system. Based on the climate conditions solar energy is our best option to provide electrical energy to the school. Thus, we use PV Panels. At the same time, as a supplamentary system, there could be the option of biogas production the toilet and kitchen waste. The surplus electrical production could power near by houses.

FOOD

The idea is that the platform could funtion as a food production are (vegetables agriculture). The plants are watered with 'grey water' (1) filtered by the helophytes filters (2). If insufficient stock tain water can be made of use (4). The organic waste together with a portion of the CH4CO2 waste water are collected in a 1000 Liter tank (5) in which methane is captured for biogass production for the possibillity of cooking (6). The combination with black water is possible but could make the system significally complex and harder to use the remaining effluent as a fertilizer for the vegetable garden.

